THE DAILY GAZETTE.

No. 3005. COLORADO SPRINGS, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1884. Price Five Cents

FEARFUL FLOODS.

Thousands of Families Driven from their Homes.

Skiffs in the Streets Railroad Traffic Suspended.

An Appalling Disaster to Lawrenceburg Apprehended.

Eastern Floods.

PITTSBURG, February 6, 5 p. m.—All the lower points in Allegheny are now under water. It is estimated 1,500 houses in Allegheny alone are inundated. The water and gas supply on the north and south sides is cut off. One fatality is reported. An unknown man drowned in the Monongahela river at the foot of Short street.

PITTSBURG, February 6, 9.30 p. m.—Still raining with no immediate prospect of clearing weather. The Monongahela stopped rising a couple of hours this evening, but commenced swelling again at 8 p. m. The Allegheny is still rising. Streets bounded by Duquesne on the north and Water street on the south and from the junction of the two rivers to Sixth street, including Pennsylvania avenue, Liberty, First to Sixth, Ferry and Short streets, are almost entirely submerged and every street south of Pennsylvania avenue to Sharpsburg, a distance of five miles, is under from one to ten feet of water. Liberty hall, on Pennsylvania avenue, where Lawrence Barrett is playing, was compelled to suspend its performance until the water recedes. The museum on Sixth street is still open, although surrounded by water, and the manager offers free transportation to and from the museum in boats. To night the city is in semi-darkness. Water is up to the works, and while the gas is still burning it is very dim. On the south side every street south of Carson, from Charlier's creek to Thirteenth, is inundated, while all property within three squares of the river in Allegheny is submerged.

At this time it is impossible to estimate the loss, but it is safe to say it will not fall short of one million and may greatly exceed that amount. The loss in some instances will reach $50,000, while a few hundred will cover others. Fully five thousand families are rendered homeless by the floods. Arrangements have been made to shelter them in public halls to-night, and to-morrow morning, in accordance with the proclamation of Mayor Lyon, public meetings will be held at Frohsinn and Turner halls for the purpose of making some provisions for them until the flood subsides sufficiently to permit them to return to their homes.

PITTSBURG, February 6.—The Allegheny council will meet to morrow to discuss the situation and devise means for relief of the unfortunates. Travel is suspended this evening on every railroad running out of the city with the exception of the Pennsylvania Central, and many people who left their homes in the suburbs this morning were compelled to remain in the city over night. Morning newspapers are suffering great inconvenience from the flooding of cellars and the Post, Commercial-Gazette and Tribune will be unable to print their editions in the morning on their own presses. The Times and Commercial-Gazette will use the Leader press and the Post has arranged to run its edition off on a job press.

PITTSBURG, February 7.—12 a. m. The river, it is believed, had reached the highest point at 10 o'clock and is now stationary. The latest news from the headwaters report waters receding. It is still raining but very light.

PITTSBURG, February 7. 2.30 a. m.—The Allegheny has receded half an inch since 12 o'clock. The Monongahela is at a stand. It is raining very hard.

CINCINNATI, February 6.—The river is rising two inches an hour. The rain has almost stopped. The river has risen six feet, six and one-half inches in twenty-four hours. Water has stopped street car travel between Cincinnati and Covington and Newport and skiffs will be carrying passengers to the suspension bridge before morning. The lower part of the city is submerged and hundreds, perhaps thousands, of houses are invaded on the first floors by water. It has been remarked that business men show much less anxiety now than last year. They have submitted to the inevitable with good grace and will suffer comparatively small loss aside from the cost of removing goods and suspension of business. There has been strong talk of raising the low grounds of the city above the flood height as one means of averting future trouble of this kind.

Relief work has been started promptly with the determination that Cincinnati shall take care of her own poor. The gas works closed when the water reached sixty feet. The gas in the mains and meters is sufficient for to-night, but to-morrow night recourse will be had to lamps, candles and electric lights. One great source of trouble will be a water famine. The engines of the waterworks are working now with difficulty and will be entirely disabled with five or six feet more. There will doubtless be an order to-morrow stopping all manufactories that use steam in order to save the water supply as much as possible. No freight is received. The Little Miami depot is inaccessible for trains. Other roads are running as previously announced.

Newport and towns on the Kentucky shore above are already deep in water. Families have been busy removing goods in wagons as long as possible and afterwards in skiffs. No casualties are reported. Lawrenceburg, Indiana, is cut off from communication by railroad, telegraph and telephone. There were grave fears of much damage if the new levee should break.

CINCINNATI, February 6.—A News-Journal's Aurora, Ind., special says: Intense excitement was caused here at 10 to-night, when alarm bells in Lawrenceburg, three miles away, were distinctly heard. The levee above that town is giving away and no doubt the place is being subjected to a rushing flood. There are no means of obtaining particulars.

CINCINNATI, February 6.—A Commercial-Gazette special from Aurora, Ind., says: The flood already equals 1882 and rising three inches an hour, business prostrated and all manufactories stopped.

CINCINNATI, February 7.—The river rose but one inch between 11 and 12 and only a quarter of an inch from 12 to 1. Rain began about 9 and is still falling. News from Lawrenceburg, Ind., is that the levee is intact, but the water pours down from the river front. All business is given up. Thousands of people have left town. The remainder are occupying houses on high ground or third stories of buildings in the water. They are provisioned for several days and provided with boats.

CLEVELAND, February 6.—There has been a steady rain for forty hours. The Mahoning river and its tributaries are much swollen. People are being taken from their houses in boats. Railways are mostly covered with water and trains abandoned.

CLEVELAND, February 6.—A Leader special says: At Conneaut an ice gorge broke and carried away the dam at Rathbone's flouring mill and destroyed part of a paper mill dam. At New Philadelphia the Tuscarawas river is rising six inches an hour. It is already considerably higher than last year. There is great alarm along the low lands. The town is nearly cut off from outside communication.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, February 6.—The Mahoning river has reached the highest point since 1852. At Warren the west part of the city is overflowed and scores of families are driven from their homes. Manufacturing establishments on the flats are all closed, including the Westlake rolling mill.

In this city the Fifth ward is inundated, water on Mill street and Mahoning avenue being five feet deep. The Newport, Pennsylvania & Ohio is open to Cleveland, but its connection east, the Pittsburg & Lake Erie, has abandoned all trains. The Pittsburg & Ashtabula has had no trains to-day. The Pittsburg, Cleveland & Toledo is the only road open east and west from this city. It is feared the bridge at Newton Falls will go out to-night. There has been no loss of life, but many miraculous escapes are reported. Specials to the News-Register from Shenandoah Valley, Sharon and New-ville, Pa., say the Shenandoah river is rising rapidly and railroad travel is suspended.

WHEELING, February 6.—The river has risen all day about eight inches an hour. The Seventh ward of the city, lying on Wheeling island, is almost entirely submerged. The river is now encroaching on the business streets in the heart of the city. The railroads are under water in some places and travel is altogether suspended. No mail is received or delivered. Freight is refused by all lines. Street car travel had stopped on all lines by noon. No serious damage so far in the city. Two persons were drowned at Bridgeport. Martin's Ferry and Belair, Ohio, are largely submerged. At the latter place gas is shut off. The iron works of the vicinity have been compelled to shut down.

LOUISVILLE, February 6.—The river is rising four inches. The shipping port and Portland are flooded. Eight hundred people have been driven out of their houses. Considerable excitement is prevailing and the river bank is thronged with people. It is raining steadily.

LOUISVILLE, February 6.—It is still raining. The river creeps steadily up four inches an hour and is within eight feet of last year. The river front from Third street to Fourteenth street is already inundated. A number of distilleries, foundries, etc., near the river shut down to-night. Three hundred and fifty families were driven from the point to-day.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., February 6. The river is rising four inches an hour. It has rained all day. At Athens, Ohio, the Hocking river is within two feet of the great flood of 1878 and will exceed that by to-morrow. There is great damage on low lands. No trains to-day on the Ohio Central nor on the Columbus and Hocking Valley.

Murdered by His Partner.

NEW ORLEANS, February 6.—A Times-Democrat special from Indian territory says: Two men named Lane and Rayburn encamped on the Washita river. Rayburn was murdered by Lane and his body thrown into the river. Lane escaped, taking several horses, also $7,000, proceeds of sales of Texas lands.

Murder and Suicide

MALLSGO, Iowa, February 6.—A German farm laborer, employed near Millersburg, yesterday shot Mary Shuster, daughter of a widow by whom he was employed, owing to the girl's disinclination to accept his attentions. He then killed himself. The girl is living but is not expected to recover.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

Status of the Principal Land Grant Railroads Reported.

The Pleuro-Pneumonia Bill Meeting Opposition in the House.

Arthur Thanked for his Efforts in Mississippi Improvement.

Mississippi Improvement

WASHINGTON, February 6.—Delegates to the Mississippi river convention called at the White House to-day. Stanard, the chairman, made a short address in which he expressed the thanks of the delegates to the president for the interest shown in Mississippi river improvement and efforts to secure favorable action by congress. The president replied briefly, saying he hoped the convention would secure the legislation desired for the speedy and permanent improvement of the great Mississippi river.

The Mississippi river convention reassembled this morning. A resolution was adopted inviting all members of congress to attend. A large number of resolutions were introduced and referred. Among other resolutions offered was one urging liberal appropriations to enable the chief signal officer to improve the signal service river observations, one approving the Hennepin canal project. While the resolutions were being offered Logan and his colleagues of the senate committee, that recently examined the Mississippi river improvement, entered the hall. The delegates arose and greeted them with loud applause. When the senators had taken their seats on the platform there were loud calls for Logan, and Senator Logan was introduced and made a brief speech. He said the report of the committee showed how the committee stood. Senators Sawyer, Jones and Walker were also called upon and spoke. It was announced that the committee on resolutions had not been able to complete reports. A delegate said he understood the committee was not harmonious in its views. A resolution was thereupon adopted instructing the committee to make its report to-morrow morning and the convention adjourned.

Forfeited Land Grants.

WASHINGTON, February 6. Secretary Teller sent to-day a response to the resolution offered by Van Wyck calling for copies of the mortgages executed by the Texas Pacific Railroad company on lands granted by acts of March 3d, '71, and for a list of names of railroad corporations now claiming land that were not earned during the life time of the grants, etc. The mortgages are seven in number, and in transmitting the copies the secretary points out that only one of them, that bearing date of June '72, is on land granted in October '71, and this was satisfied December 9th, '79.

A statement is submitted by the commissioner of the general land office showing the condition of railroads to aid the construction of which lands have been granted. It sets forth the following as the status of the roads important:

Northern Pacific—Time fixed for completion, July 4th, '79; length proposed, 2,362 miles; completed within the specified time, 530 miles; since completed, 1,340; now uncompleted, 491 miles; estimated number of acres granted, 46,947,200; number of acres patented up to June 30th, '83, 746,390.

Atlantic and Pacific—Time fixed for completion, July 4th, '78; length of proposed line 2,429 miles; completed within specified time, 125 miles; completed since, 600 miles; uncompleted, 1,704 miles; acres granted, 46,090,560; acres patented to June 30, '83, 9,592,068.

Southern Pacific—Length of proposed road, 556 miles; time fixed for completion, July 4th, '78; completed within specified time, 250 miles; completed since, 240 miles; uncompleted, 64 miles; acres granted, 7,116,800, acres patented to June 20, '83, 1,040,480.

Texas Pacific—Length of proposed road, 1,483 miles; time fixed for completion of the road, May 2, '82; completed within specified time, 705 miles; now uncompleted, 778 miles; acres granted, 1,569,200; none patented to June 30, '83.

Skinner's Seat

WASHINGTON, February 6.—The house elections committee have finally considered the North Carolina contest of Pool vs. Skinner. By a vote of six against five they decided to report Skinner entitled to retain his seat.

XLVIII Congress.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, February 6.—The house went into committee of the whole, Cobb in the chair, on the pleuro-pneumonia bill.

Latham strongly opposed the bill as endangering one of the vast industries of the country, in which Texas was especially interested. His opposition was not inspired by the apprehension that there exists to-day within his state a single case of pleuro-pneumonia. Why had not the committee seen fit to restrict the operation of the bill to the states in which the plague exists. There were in this measure evils and dangers infinitely worse than the cattle plague. He criticised seriatim the provisions of the bill, and especially the section that provides for division of the expense of eradicating the disease between the United States and the state in which it exists. The United States had no right to say what amount should be paid by any state, and in case of refusal to lay an embargo upon shipment and exportation of its cattle. It was proposed to appropriate $250,000 to carry out the provisions of the bill, but he predicted $250 000 would be found not to be pocket change when compared with the vast sums which would be needed. It had been conceived to unlock the vaults of the treasury and disgorge public funds.

Regan took similar ground in opposition to the measure and argued that many of its provisions were unconstitutional. He fully sympathized with the purpose of the bill but thought the measure as reported would create an evil greater than that it proposed to remedy.

Hunt argued against the bill on constitutional grounds, contending that it gave the federal government powers especially reserved to the states.

Eaton considered the pending bill the most mischievous presented to congress in the present session. It was mischievous because it was in utter violation of the constitution and took from the states their power and rights. It should be entitled, "A bill to abrogate and annul the constitution and deprive the states of rights which belong to them." It undertook to make the president master of the people of this great confederation of states. It was another of those wedges driven into the constitution. There had been plenty of those wedges in the past. He hoped there would be fewer in the future, because the safety of this great people rested upon the sovereignty and rights of the states.

Anderson spoke in support of the measure. A terrible disease was threatening one of the greatest industries of the country and congress had power on the ground of protecting the general public and rights of property to stamp it out; and yet the proposition to do so was met with the old, old argument state sovereignty and state rights. While the whole animal industry was in danger of being annihilated it was contended that congress had no power to step over the state line and eradicate the disease. No such objection was made however when the Mississippi levee bill came up. The gentlemen were willing that whole herds of agricultural states should be permitted to go to demolition and smithereens before they would vest any power in the general government to prevent it.

Muldoon, while favoring the general purport of the bill, opposed certain provisions in it and gave notice that he would at the proper time move to recommit for amendment and revision.

Peters and Lawrence supported the bill and dwelt upon the immediate necessity of taking steps for eradicating pleuro-pneumonia.

Cameron expressed hearty concurrence in the purport of the legislation and failed to find any constitutional stumbling block in the way of voting for it. A liberal construction of the constitution should always be given when great public good is to be accomplished or a great public evil averted.

Rowell contended that the proposed legislation was absolutely necessary to protect the cattle interest and it was not possible for the states to do so without federal aid.

Perkins contended that congress had a perfect right and power to legislate upon the subject.

Belford said he would not vote for the bill unless it was fundamentally reconstructed, but was not going to vote against it under the pretext of state rights. He believed this a great nation and it was its duty to protect the health of the people. He objected to the bill because it authorized some scientific crank appointed by the commissioner of agriculture to take charge of the whole subject and investigate the condition of cattle shipped out of the state to another. That was too great power to put in the hands of any one agent of this nation. He hoped the bill would be recommitted.

Hepburn made a constitutional argument in support of the view that the federal government could in the exercise of its power to regulate commerce legislate in the manner proposed by the bill.

Cox of New York spoke against the bill, which he reported entrenched upon the rights of states and tended to break down the old, well-ordered division of state and federal power.

Gibson, passing over the constitutional question, referred to the time when the republican party hugged the doctrine of state rights to its bosom, as enabling it to steal the presidency. He criticized the bill upon its merits, by which he did not mean to reflect upon the committee on agriculture, but that the committee must have been overreached, for the bill was a fraud on its face and intended to perpetrate a great wrong on the people. It proposed to create a fierce officer, who should, take the place of collectors of internal revenue and search every man's farm, and he was utterly astonished that the committee should wish to put such unlimited powers in the hands of subordinate officers and open to such a wide extent the doors of the treasury.

Pending further action the committee rose and the house adjourned.

SENATE.

The following bills, reported favorably with amendments, were placed on the calendar:

Miller of New York, committee on agriculture, a bill providing for the suppression and extirpation of pleuro-pneumonia and other contagious diseases of domestic animals.

Miller of California, committee on foreign relations, a bill to provide for executing treaty stipulations relating to the Chinese.

The Dead Demosthenes

BOSTON, February 6.—Early this morning people began to gather about the late residence of Wendell Phillips. None were admitted but intimate friends. There were no services at the house. At 10 55 the coffin was borne from the house to the hearse. Several hundred, including many co-workers, followed the remains to the old Hollis street church where the funeral services took place. The interior of the church was jammed to suffocation by friends and relations of the deceased orator, including representatives of the city and labor and social organizations. After the services the body was borne to Faneuil hall. As soon as the crowd were gotten into order by the police the public were formed into lines and admitted to the hall. The coffin was guarded by four colored soldiers.

The coffin was borne from Faneuil hall amid a great concourse and taken to the cemetery on Tremont street. There were no formal ceremonies at the grave.

THE SNOW STORM.

Reports Show the Storm was General and Severe.

Fresh Disasters in Egypt—Reasons of Baker's Defeat.

Biography of the Leader who is Agitating Africa.

The Weather

DENVER, February 6.—Midnight. The following particulars of the storm have been received:

Alamosa—We are having one of the most severe storms ever known in this district. The wind is blowing very hard, drifting the snow badly. The train from Durango to-night was compelled to plow through snow drifts twelve to fifteen feet deep. At this hour, midnight, a person can scarcely walk across the street. It is thought a storm of still more severity is in progress at Durango, Silverton and throughout the San Juan country.

Buena Vista—Ten above, snowing hard, eight inches now on the ground, high wind.

Leadville—The most disagreeable night of the season; snowing and blowing.

Greeley—Light snow falling, cold and disagreeable.

Hugo—Light snow, 12 above; growing colder; brisk wind from the northeast.

Trinidad—Snowing and blowing, very cold.

Pueblo—Snowing hard, but little wind.

Las Vegas, N. M.—Growing cold; light snow with some rain; high wind.

Santa Fe, N. M.—Very high wind with occasional snow.

Albuquerque, N. M.—High wind, light rain, growing colder.

Cheyenne, Wyo.—Ten below, blowing hard.

Kansas City—Cloudy and cool, high wind.

Clara Morris at Denver.

DENVER, February 6.—The greatest theatrical event of the season and one of the most brilliant that has ever taken place in this city will be the appearance on next Monday evening at the Tabor Grand, of the famous actress, Clara Morris, in "Article 47," "The New Magdalen" and "Camille." Miss Morris is undoubtedly the greatest artist in the school of acting to which she belongs on the American stage, and her reception will be most cordial. She will be supported by Goodwin's New York company, which includes Gus Leveck, Balbridge Lotto, Lillie Eldridge and Ada Wallace. Railroads give excursion rates.

The war in Egypt

CAIRO, February 6.—A portion of Baker Pasha's force left Trinkatel Saturday and threw up intrenchments on the shore of a lagoon four miles distant. The rest of the troops followed Monday. Baker Pasha intended to advance to the well of Teb, five miles farther and half way to Tokar. Nothing was heard of his movements until there came news of his defeat. The disaster was rather expected, as his force consisted of raw and badly equipped, drilled and disciplined recruits, some of whom were sent to the front without arms and some with only muskets. Baker Pasha began his advance from the entrenchments at Trinkatel Sunday. His force consisted of 3,000 troops, badly armed and short of ammunition and many of whom showed an unwillingness to proceed. Baker Pasha had sent from Trinkatel to Cairo an urgent appeal for rifles to replace old muskets with which a number of his troops were armed. In reply he received orders to try to force his way to Tokar without delay, and with the English officers connected with the expedition began the march expecting defeat. Spies had falsely reported the road clear with the exception of small bands of rebels. On Monday forenoon a portion of the advance encountered a body of Osman Digna's troops and the fight ensued, which was more of a rout than a battle.

CAIRO, February 6.—Advices confirm the report of the massacre of Tewfik Bey and followers. Tribes beyond Korasko are in full revolt. General Gordon, who has arrived at Korasko, is unable to proceed on his journey Khartoum.

SUAKIM, February 6.—Among the killed are Morice Bey, an Englishman who acted as Baker Pasha's paymaster, and Dr. Leslie, who served in the Russian-Turkish war.

The enemy surrounded and destroyed Tewfik Bey and four hundred followers between Sinkat and the coast while attempting to cut their way through the enemy.

LONDON, February 6.—A special cabinet council was held this morning for discussing the disaster to Baker Pasha. Gladstone presided.

El Mahdi's History

The following biography of the Mahdi was drawn up by Lieutenant Colonel Stuart at the beginning of the present year and is now republished in England. It has a special interest at the present time.

Mahomet Achmet, the Mahdi, is a Dongolawi, or native of the province of Dongola. His grandfather was called Fahti, and lived on the island of Aart Arti (Arti Dongolawi for "island"). This island lies east of and opposite to Ordi, the native name for the capital of Dongola. His father was Abdullahi, by trade a carpenter. In 1852 this man left and went to Shindi, a town on the Nile, south of Berber. At that time his family consisted of three sons and one daughter, called respectively Mahomed, Hamid, Mahomet Achmet (the Mahdi), and Nur-el-Sham (Light of Syria). At Shindi another son was born, called Abdullah. As a boy, Mahomet Achmet was apprenticed to Sherif-ed-deen, his uncle, a boatman, residing at Shakabeh, an island opposite Sennar. Having one day received a beating from his uncle he ran away to Khartoum and joined the free school or "Medressa" of a faki (learned man, head of a sect of dervishes), who resided at Hoghali, a village east of and close to Khartoum. This school is attached to the tomb of Sheikh Hoghali, the patron saint of Khartoum, and who is greatly revered by the inhabitants of that town and district. The sheikh of this tomb or shrine, although he keeps a free school and feeds the poor, derives a very handsome revenue from the gifts of the pious. He claims to be a descendant of the original Hoghali and through him of Mahomet.

Here he remained for some time studying religion, the tenets of his sheikh, etc., but did not make much progress in the more worldly accomplishments of reading and writing. After a time he left and went to Berber, where he joined another free school kept by a Sheikh Ghubush, at a village of that name, situated nearly opposite to Mekherref (Berber). This school is also attached to a shrine greatly venerated by the natives. Here Mahomet Achmet remained six months completing his religious education. Thence he went to Aradup (Tamarind Tree) village, south of Kana. Here, in 1870, he became a disciple of another faki—Sheikh Nur-el-Daim (Continuous Light). Nur el Daim subsequently ordained him a sheikh or fakir, and he then left to take up his home in the island of Abba, near Kana, on the White Nile. Here he began by making a subterranean excavation (khaliva retreat), into which he made a practice of retiring to repeat for hours one of the names of the Deity, and this accompanied by fasting, incense burning and prayers.

His fame and sanctity by degrees spread far and wide and Mahomet Achmet became wealthy, collected disciples, and married several wives, all of whom he was careful to select from among the daughters of the most influential Baggara sheikhs (Baggara tribes owning cattle and horses) and other notables. To keep within the legalized number (four), he was in the habit of divorcing the surplus and taking them on again, according to his fancy. About the end of May, 1881, he began to write to his brother fakis (religious chiefs), and to teach that he was the Mahdi foretold by Mahomet, and that he had a divine mission to reform Islam, to establish a universal equality, a universal law, a universal religion, and a community of goods ("beyt-el-mal"); also that all who did not believe in him should be destroyed, be they Christian, Mohammedan, or Pagan. Among others, he wrote to Mahomet Sebh, a very learned and influential faki of Dongola, directing him to collect his dervishes (followers) and friends and to join him at Abba.

This sheikh, instead of complying with his request, informed the government, declaring the man must be mad. This information, along with that collected from other quarters, alarmed his Excellency Reouf Pasha, and the result was the expedition of the 3d of August, 1881. In person the Mahdi is tall, slim, with a black beard and light brown complexion. Like most Dongolawis, he reads and writes with difficulty. He is local head of the Ghuliam or Kadirige order of Dervishes, a school originated by Abdul-Kader-el-Ghulami, whose tomb is at Bagdad.

Utah Rates

SALT LAKE, February 6.—At a meeting of general freight agents of western trunk lines to-day, it was decided to advance the rates to-morrow.

Western trunk lines in deciding to advance rates on west-bound Utah business determined to put in force the old schedule of rates which the Burlington and Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe had been charging since January 28th, or the date of the conference between the Burlington and Union Pacific roads.

Death on the Rail.

ROCHESTER, Pa., February 6.—Three Irish laborers, names unknown, were struck by the night express near Baden, Beaver county, last night and instantly killed. The men were walking on the track and stepped off one track to avoid a freight train when they were struck by the express coming in an opposite direction.

CINCINNATI, February 6.—A Commercial-Gazette Lemington, Ky., special says: A construction train on the Chesapeake & Ohio between Morehead and Farmers station ran into the caboose of another containing 20 section hands, colored. Five were killed and 15 wounded. Charles Harlow, conductor, was seriously injured.

NEW ORLEANS, February 6.—A Times-Democrat Fort Gibson, Miss., special says: A construction train on the L. N. O. & T. railway, carrying a large force of laborers, had eight flat cars overturned. Fourteen men were wounded; one fatally and three dangerously.

Parnell's Plaint.

LONDON, February 6.—Parnell announced his intention of moving an amendment to the address in reply to the queen's speech with reference to the conduct of the government's policy in Ireland. Its tendency, he says, has not been to tranquilize the people. He especially deplores the wanton prohibition of legal and constitutional meetings, whereby free speech has been practically squelched in Ireland. The amendment condemns the Irish executive for having permitted magistrates publicly and with perfect impunity to applaud the conduct of Lord Rosmore, who has been superseded as justice of the peace, for disturbing public order, provoking ill-will and strife between the different classes in Ireland, and thereby directly inciting Irishmen to illegal acts of disorder and deeds of violence. The amendment concludes by humbly assuring her majesty of the firm conviction of his party that the policy of forcing or stimulating state-aided emigration of Irish people should be definitely and forthwith abandoned.

Weather Probabilities

WASHINGTON, February 6.—Indications for Colorado: Cloudy weather, light snow. Floods will increase in Ohio and be very destructive. The floods will extend to the Mississippi between Memphis and Cairo.

Loss by the fire in San Francisco Tuesday night has been determined at $81,000; insurance $66,000.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVES

DAILY GAZETTE.

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WEEKLY—IN ADVANCE.

Per annum	$2.00	Six Months	$1.00
Three Months	50	One Month	25

ADVERTISING

Rates made known on application at the office.

JOB WORK.

Facilities for Plain and Fancy Job Printing equal to those of any establishment west of the Missouri river.

All persons having advertisements in this paper and desiring them discontinued will please make it known at the business office, where they will be properly attended to. We cannot hold ourselves responsible for advertisements continuing in the paper unless notice is thus given.

Mr. George E. Macklin is authorized collector and solicitor for the Gazette Publishing company.

No claims are allowed against any employe of the GAZETTE to offset any of our accounts.

All advertisements for the WEEKLY GAZETTE must be handed in not later than Thursday noon.

Advertising agents are respectfully notified that we do not want any advertising from them.

B. W. STERLE,
Manager of the GAZETTE.

Before General Logan gets much further in the race for the presidency, his record on bossism, finance, spoils and civil service reform will be examined.

The Philadelphia Times truthfully says: "The free thinkers are those who think that 'everybody should think as they do, or else 'be compelled by law to do so.'"

The Denver News had the most felicitous explosion yesterday that we have seen for a long time. It said that Senator-elect Blackburn, of Kentucky, was "industrious in debate." This is a very mild way of characterizing the most windy speaker in America.

Before parliament met it was evident that the attack of the opposition on Gladstone's policy toward Egypt would be largely on the single issue of efficiency. It is charged that General Gordon was sent off to Khartoum with altogether too small a force. The defeat of Baker Pasha will add no little force to these criticisms.

Ex-Senator Henry Cooper, who was murdered by robbers in Mexico recently, as announced in our telegraph report yesterday, was elected to the United States senate from Tennessee as a democrat, defeating Andrew Johnson, and served from 1871 to '77. He was 57 years old and had held many positions of honor and trust, among them the professorship of law in the law school at Lebanon, Tenn. He served four years in the state legislature, and during the war was judge of the Seventh judicial circuit of Tennessee.

We are beginning to suspect that there must be something revolutionary in Senator Hill's bill providing for an exchange of certain sections of school lands in the mineral districts of the state for an equal area of agricultural lands. We always supposed that this was the usual practice of the government in such cases, but some of the state papers that sneeze every time Senator Hill takes snuff, are making so much ado over this particular bill that we suspect there must be something unusual in the measure. Mr. Chaffee ought to look into the matter.—[Denver News.

We will inform the News with pleasure. This is not the usual custom because only the Pacific slope states and Colorado are formed so as to require such changes in location of public land. It requires special legislation to do this. There is a precedent in the case of Nevada. A good deal is made of it, because the bill should have passed congress as soon as we had representation as a state there. It was not attended to by our first senators. Senator Hill has already secured the passage of the bill three times. But our representative in the lower house has not interested himself enough to get it through the house. He should have done this in the last house, which was republican, and where he should have had influence. The matter should be agitated now so as to influence Judge Belford to attend to his duties. It is important that it pass this winter because year by year the good agricultural land is being taken up. We cannot make near as good a selection for the state as we could five years ago, but a much better selection than we can make in a few years from now. The passage of the bill is worth from a quarter to a half million to the school funds of the state. We advise the News therefore to show its interest in the state by advocating its passage.

The senatorial contest in Kentucky has been settled by the caucus nomination of J. C. S. Blackburn. He is now 46 years old and is a lawyer. He served in the confederate army throughout the war. His political career began in '71, when he was elected to the state legislature. He was elected to the forty-fourth congress and was re elected to the forty-fifth.

This choice does not reflect great credit on the democracy of Kentucky. This state has been represented by great men who have deserved and obtained the respect of the nation. The state is represented in the lower house by one who may rank with the leading men of the country, as his recent promotion shows. But Blackburn is one of the windiest and cheapest demagogues in the country. It is apparent to any sensible man and only shows the low grade of intelligence in the Kentucky legislature, that it was not to its members. He is always talking about "pledging his honor," "challenging contradiction," "eternal principles of the democracy," etc. This sort of a thing, if said in a loud voice and ready manner, seems to enable one to pass for a statesman in Kentucky. A Kentuckian once told this story, which perhaps better than anything else illustrates the quality of the man's oratory: Mr. Ed. Marshall, brother of Tom Marshall, was attending a session of a county court in Kentucky and, coming out of the court room, was asked by an outsider what was going on. He said Joe Blackburn was speaking.

"Is he making a big speech?" asked a bystander.

"Yes," says Marshall, "after his style."

"What is his style?"

"Why," says Marshall, "if you and I were to add two and two together we should say the result is four, but Blackburn would give it about in this style: 'Whereas, in the course of human events it becomes necessary to add two integral numbers of one denomination to two other integral numbers of the same denomination, by a peculiar arithmetical process we term addition, the result is an axiomatic truth, for the correctness of which I pledge my sacred honor, and I challenge contradiction. The result, I say, is four.'"

PERSONAL.

New Hampshire still has twenty-eight surviving veterans of the war of 1812.

Miss Winnie Hall, of Temple, Texas, is the oldest old maid in America, having just reached the age of 100 years.

The largest school in the world is probably the Jews' free school in Spitalfields, London. It has a daily attendance of over 2,800 pupils.

Major Ben: Perley Poore, the veteran journalist, is confined to his room in Washington and is under the care of his physician.

Walter Goldschmidt, who is to be married in London shortly to Miss Daniell, eldest daughter of Colonel James Le Gest Daniell, is the son of Jenny Lind, now Mme. Goldschmidt.

Dr. Lois O. Jackson fills the position of resident physician in a hospital for children in Philadelphia. She is a pretty blonde, 23 years of age, and is giving entire satisfaction in her position.

The most remarkable, if not the largest, collection of photographs in the United States is owned by Detective Henry Weyl, of Philadelphia. It contains 2,000 pictures of "crooks," and with them are newspaper clippings describing them and their exploits, reports of trials, and other memoranda.

At a microscopic exhibition in Boston lately the sting of a honey bee was thrown upon the scene, the point of which was so sharp as to be hardly distinguishable. At the time the finest of fine needles was shown, under the same power of the microscope, and the end of the needle measured five inches across.

Sergeant Bates, in his march through Georgia, has not met with the good time that he was led to expect. In Atlanta he was not allowed the use of the United States court house in which to flaunt his flag, and at Griffin the other day there was strong talk of taking him before a commission of lunacy.

Young Henri Rochefort has returned to Paris a physical wreck after his experience with M. de Brazza on the Congo. African fevers have robbed him of his hair and teeth, but in those respects, his father tells him, the wig makers and dentists will soon make him as good as new. The young man is disgusted with M. de Brazza, whom he regards as an impracticable dreamer. He is trying, Rochefort says, to win the favor of the savages by flattery, which takes the form of imitation. Thus he goes without clothes, drinks only water, and lives on cocoanuts and bananas.

Daniel Webster's Memory.

Detroit Free Press.

Several weeks ago the late James Burns told how, in 1836, Daniel Webster paid a visit to Detroit and was given a reception by the citizens at the old National hotel. "I was about 26 years old," said Mr. Burns, "and had just risen to the distinction of being in business for myself. For that reason, I suppose, at all events I know no other cause, I was invited to be privately introduced, with a lot of other young business men, to Mr. Webster.

"Well, sir, I went fully impressed with the greatness of Mr. Webster, and, I confess, somewhat elated over the honor thus accorded me. We all assembled in the parlor, fifteen or twenty in number. Presently Mr. Webster entered the room, and we were introduced. A social, general chat of perhaps half an hour followed, Mr. Webster talking all over the room and with no one in particular, after which we took our leave. The remarkable feature which impressed me was the fact that Mr. Webster, who had met fifteen or eighteen ordinary young men for the first time, and that in a general way, called us all by name and without hesitation or mistake as we took our leave.

"I've heard that memory of names was one of Daniel Webster's strong points."

"But the story isn't finished," said Mr. Burns. "Four years later I was in New York buying goods. I had not seen or hardly thought of Mr. Webster in that time. I had just turned from Wall street to go up Broadway when I saw a magnificent figure walking ahead of me. Confident that it was Mr. Webster I quickened my pace, passed him, and at the next corner stopped to get a good look at him. I was not mistaken in the man, and I was immediately filled with a desire to speak to him, but I was held back by the thought that he wouldn't remember a young chap like myself. I followed him a block before I could make up my mind to accost him. Everybody on Broadway turned and looked admiringly at him as he passed, and finally I thought it would be in keeping with western character to be a little forward. So with 'how do you do, Mr. Webster?' I stepped to his side.

"Turning slightly and half stopping in his walk, he looked intently into my face an instant and said: 'Why, how do you do, Mr. Burns? I'm glad to see you, sir.' And so we walked together up to the Astor house. I actually believe he inquired after every man he met at his Detroit reception, and that he called each man by name, as though they were his intimate friends. From that hour I knew the value of a good memory, and from that hour I began to cultivate my own."

The Duke of Portland.

London Society.

His Grace William John Cavendish Scott-Bentinck, fifth duke of Portland, was certainly no ordinary nobleman. History might be searched in vain for another such patrician. He stands alone in the solitude of his own odd isolated originality. His character was a study. Why did he build underground? It was not for a want of space above. The Bentincks own 153,163 English acres, besides London estates. He built magnificent stables and superb riding schools, but he never strode a horse. He built a ball-room which is almost without a rival, but he never danced. He erected skating rinks, but he never skated. He found employment for vast numbers, yet he could not have been respected, for the workmen felt that their labor was being thrown away. He was called the "Invisible Prince" because of the air of mystery with which he clothed himself. A member of the four leading London clubs, he never entered their portals. His shooting and hunting parties were unsurpassed, but he never saw his invited guests. He cultivated flowers and fruit whose fragrance and flavor never ministered to his enjoyment. He bred trout by the forty thousand a year, yet he was not an angler. A great farmer, agriculture attracted him not. "Can't you let it alone?" was Lord Palmerston's advice to a perfervid politician. "Can't you leave me alone?" was the life-long aspiration of the Hermit of Welbeck the Wonderful. He lived to his eightieth year. There is an expressive marble bust of him in the underground picture gallery. It is a kindly, shrewd, noble, and intelligent face. In the head a Lavater would see "constructiveness" writ large. The recluse loved to be hidden from the sight of men; he is now out of human gaze forever. Inquisitive sightseers may regard with wondering eyes the monuments of his unaccountable taste; but the builder himself they never behold. It was his delight to be underground; he is now beneath the mold forever. "Eccentricity" was the good-natured description assigned to the strange anfractuosities of the departed duke's nature. He wanted to escape from the eye of the world, and by his efforts to elude notice he was always being brought into prominence.

Franz Schubert.

Edinburgh Review.

The testimony as to his natural powers appears in the earliest records of his musical life. His first teacher, Michael Holzer, the choir-master of the suburban parish of Lichtenthal (Vienna), where he was born, remarked that when he wanted to teach the child anything fresh "he always knew it already." At 11 he was first soprano in the Lichtenthal choir, and a few months afterward was sent to the imperial school for training choristers for the court chapel, where he soon took a place in the band with pupils much older than himself, one of whom looked round one day to see who was playing so well behind him, and found it was "a little fellow in spectacles named Franz Schubert." The little boy in spectacles soon confided to his elder friend that he had already composed a good deal—that he "could not help it," and would do it every day if he could afford to get music paper—one of the first indications of that sad spectre of poverty which dogged Schubert to his latest hour. His fellow-pupil (Spaun by name) managed that for him and showed him other kindnesses. Schubert's home practice in string-playing had given him the start of the other pupils, for his father, though a man of humble origin, possessed musical as well as other abilities, and had taught his sons as far as he could. On his holidays from the school the great delight of the family was to play quartets, when the youngest became sometimes the critic, and if his father made a mistake, or repeated it when once made, Franz would say timidly, "Herr Vater, there must be something wrong here," a mode of correction in accordance with the entire disposition which he showed throughout his life.

Tell the children to cut out and save the comic silhouette pictures as they appear from issue to issue. They will be pleased with the collection.

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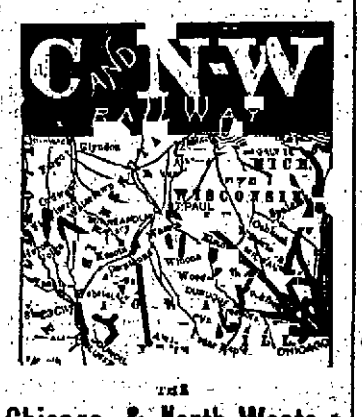

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2-room house, Nevada ave	4.00
4-room house, Cascade ave	16.00
House of 8 rooms, Weber st	40.00
House of 8 rooms, Nevada ave	30.00
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Nice house in central location very cheap	

An Entirely New List of Property For Sale will be Advertised in this Column Each Week. List for Week Ending February 9th, 1884, is as follows:—

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5250 ELEGANT FURNISHED RESIDENCE—In best portion of the city 18,000

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6070 CATTLE RANCHES Choice ranch near town, $7,000; also, several other very desirable ranges

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5577 CASCADE AVE—One of the best corners in town; good buildings 5,000

6136 WEBER ST 50x190 foot lot, with small house 450

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Summons.

STATE OF COLORADO, } ss.
EL PASO COUNTY,

The People of the State of Colorado send Greeting.

To Ensibius La Vigne:

Whereas, An instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Frank F. La Vigne, late of said county, deceased, has been presented by George E. McDonald, of Colorado Springs, Colorado, to the county court of said county for probate, and the 25th day of February, 1884, has been set for hearing the application for the probate of said instrument as the last will and testament of the said Frank F. La Vigne, deceased; and whereas, it further appears from said instrument that said deceased died, seized and possessed of real estate in the city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, and it further appearing that you, the above named person, are heir at law of said deceased, therefore, you are hereby notified to be and appear before the county court of El Paso county, at the court house in Colorado Springs, on the 25th day of February, 1884, then and there to attend the probate of said will before said court.

Witness E. A. Colburn, judge of said county court, and the seal thereof, at Colorado Springs, in said county, this 11th day of January, 1884.

E. A. COLBURN,
County Judge.

wa-19-4

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The residence on Cascade avenue known as the Mellen house, with stable and large grounds will lease for a term, either furnished or unfurnished, at a satisfactory rental.

Two furnished houses of 6 rooms each, on Boulder street; per month, $45.

Furnished house of 7 rooms on corner lot on Tejon; per mo., 25.

Furnished house on N. Cascade; per mo., $45.

Furnished house of 3 rooms in the best neighborhood; per mo., $30.

Brick house of 8 rooms, on corner lot, at moderate rental.

OFFICES.

A front office on Tejon street.

Front office in Strotteil block, on Pike's Peak.

UNFURNISHED HOUSES.

One Wood house of 8 rooms, facing west, opposite the College Reservation; per mo., $30.

A very desirable house of 6 rooms, with good stable, on N Weber; per mo., $40.

House of 5 rooms, bath room, etc., on St. Vrain street; per mo., $30.

House of 7 rooms on Weber near Kiowa; per mo., $40.

House of 5 rooms on corner lot, on N Nevada; per mo., $30.

House of 5 rooms on 100 foot corner on North Weber, with stable, corral, etc.; per mo., $18.

House of 6 rooms on Wahsatch avenue, near Pike's Peak; per mo., $15.

House of 7 rooms near Pike's Peak avenue, per month, $20.

Second floors on Tejon, Huerfano and Pike Peak ave. or will rent in part.

House of 3 rooms on Cascade; per mo., $12.

House of 5 rooms on East Kiowa; per mo., $13

House of 3 rooms on N Nevada; per mo., $12

House of 6 rooms on N Wahsatch.

Five rooms in a very central building on Tejon.

House of 3 rooms, corner of Costilla and Wahsatch.

House of 8 rooms and stable on S Wahsatch; per mo., $13.

House of 5 rooms near Weber; per mo., $12.

House of 3 rooms on Cimarron; per mo., $4

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AT

HOWBERT BROS

DAILY GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1884

A MISSTATEMENT.

Property Not Depreciating in Value at Manitou.

The following, which was published in last night's Republic, was evidently not well received at Manitou

"While agitation of Colonel Chivington's claim to eighty acres of Manitou's centrally located property has well nigh ceased in that thriving suburban hamlet of Colorado Springs, it has not been without a depressing effect on real estate in some quarters A piece of property lying within the colonel's claim, which recently gave promise of being sold for $3,500, would have a difficulty now of finding a purchaser in the market at $2,500. In some quarters it has put a slight damper on proposed building operations for the present. Several parties who intended building immediately prefer to wait until the Col 's claim has taken more definite shape and the certainty of his not being able to substantiate his title in a court of law is more fully established. The effect is natural but the outcome is certain that the Col. will have to whistle for his claim of eighty acres in Manitou."

The GAZETTE was called up by telephone by two of the Manitou officials last night and requested to deny the above statement as it was not only unjust but untrue, and the citizens felt it their duty to have it corrected as as soon as possible. They said that property instead of depreciating was increasing in value and that Col. Chivington's claims had had no influence one way or the other, as no attention was paid to it by anyone. They gave as an instance that a piece of property within Chivington's claim had been disposed of within the past ten days for double the price that had been paid for it one year ago. Buildings are being erected on all sides and other improvements prosecuted as if no such man as Chivington ever existed.

CULVER-STORRS.

A Marriage that Was a Surprise to the Most Intimate Friends.

Last night the marriage of Dr. N. S. Culver to Miss Hattie L. Storrs of Boston, Massachusetts, was performed at the home of the former by the Rev. J. B. Gregg pastor of the Congregational church. The wedding was celebrated in the most private way only a few hours after the arrival of the bride from her home in the east. Beside members of the household the following only were present: Frank Storrs Thayer and wife, George R. Culver and wife, Eli T. Marsh and wife and Dr. T. H. Everts. This announcement will be a great surprise to Dr. Culver's many friends in this city who had not the least suspicion that he was about to enter into a matrimonial compact. Even to those who were present last night the affair was a surprise as complete as it was happy.

As to the groom, he needs no introduction to the citizens of either the city or state. He was for a number of years state treasurer and is a respected citizen of Colorado Springs. Miss Storrs spent last summer in this city and made many acquaintances during her sojourn here. She has been a life-long acquaintance of Dr. Culver's and the engagement is of long standing.

A Correction.

COLORADO SPRINGS, February 5, 1883.

To the Editor of the GAZETTE.

Will you publish this correction of an item (appearing in your issue of this morning copied from the Seattle Post Intelligencer?) "A number of friends gave him a splendid dinner, etc." From this it might be inferred that they were disposed to make light of the gravity of my position. May I state the facts? A young fellow-clerk, with kindly thoughtfulness, brought me on that Sabbath evening, a plain, home-cooked dinner. The loyal friends I gained during my brief career in the northwest will exert themselves strenuously in my behalf, but their every effort will be within the limits of propriety and justice.

Respectfully, W. R. THORNELL.

The Markets

NEW YORK, February 6.—Wool quiet and firm. Domestic fleece 32 to 45; pulled 18 to 40; unwashed 10 to 28, Texas 12 to 27.

Money easy, 1½ to 2, closing offered 2, prime paper 4 to 5½; sterling exchange steady, 4 85½, demand 4 88; governments firm; railroads higher and strong; states quiet. Stocks opened quiet; a shade lower. Wabash preferred declined under a bear attack. In the afternoon the market rallied but in the last half hour bears renewed their attack, causing another decline. The market closed generally ½ to 1½ below last night, Central Pacific, New York Central and Omaha preferred higher. Transactions 410,000.

The mining market continues strong on a moderately large volume of business. The better class of stocks are in somewhat better demand and this morning Horn Silver sold 7.50; Bulwer advanced to 2.00 and 1.95, and Maryland Coal to 14 25. Leadville Consolidated was firm 57 to 58; Little Chief 49; Green Mountain 1.95, and Sutro Tunnel 16 to 17. Harlem was weak at 7. In the afternoon there was active buying of Oriental and Miller, which advanced from 14 to 19. Little Chief advanced to 51, and Bulwer 2.10. Navajo fell 2.50, and Castle Creek 18.

Sa	101	48	123¾
Adams Express	128½	American Express	96
C. B. & Q.	120¾	Erie	26⅛
D. & R. G.	21¼	Preferred	69
C. P.	63¼	N. Y. C.	115⅛
Missouri Pacific	91¾	U. P.	80⅝
Northwestern	119¾	Wells Fargo	107
Preferred	146	Quicksilver	6
Texas Pacific	20	Preferred	33
U. S. Express	59	Homestake	8
W. U. T.	75⅛	Sutro	17
Ontario	28	Northern Pacific	22
Iron Silver	205	Preferred	46⅝

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES

Princess George of Saxony is dead.

A French war ship has been ordered to Suakim.

Gontaut Biron, the well-known diplomat and statesman, is dead, age 67.

The strike of cotton operatives in Lancashire has ended in favor of the operatives.

Measures are being taken to organize the Orange vote in England to oppose the home rule vote.

General Oliver H. Palmer was buried yesterday at New York. Many prominent citizens attended.

At Hamburg yesterday the remains of De Long and comrades of the Jeannette arctic expedition were quietly placed on board the Frisia, where they occupy a special apartment.

MINING MATTERS

Notes Gleaned from Our Exchanges.

LITTLE PITTSBURG VS LITTLE CHIEF.

Leadville Herald

Manager Gilman, of the Little Pittsburg mine, experienced quite a surprise yesterday when Judge Goddard of the district reversed the decision of Referee Bissell and assessed damages against the Little Pittsburg and in favor of the Little Chief company for $17,711.05.

The history of this case is as follows. In September, 1880, Mr. Herrick, the manager of the Little Chief mine, crossed the lines of the Little Pittsburg property and extracted a considerable amount of ore. The trespass was discovered shortly afterwards and a suit instituted by the Little Pittsburg company to recover $27,000, the alleged value of the ore. Colonel J. B. Bissell was by mutual consent appointed referee to hear the evidence in the case and render a decision. The result of the referee's investigation was the declaration of judgment last July in favor of the Little Pittsburg company and against the Little Chief Mining company for $19,413 05

During the hearing before Colonel Bissell, the fact was evolved that sometime during the months of November, December and January, in 1879 and 1880, the Little Pittsburg company had extracted about $87,125 worth of ore from the Little Chief claim. This was introduced as an offset, by the Little Chief company, and judgment asked for the difference. The referee considered the claim, and refused it. The grounds on which the refusal was based, was that the present owners of the Little Chief mine were not its owners when the extraction of the ore from the Little Chief by the Little Pittsburg miners occurred, the Little Chief being bonded on December, 19, 1879, and not purchased by Geo. D. Roberts for the Little Chief Mining company until January 10, 1880. The evidence was that the wrongful extraction of ore took place November and December of 1879, and possibly extended into January of 1880.

The Little Chief company took exception to this action of the referee, and appealed this decision to the district court, where it was yesterday reviewed by Judge Goddard and reversed, and the shoe placed on the other foot by the damages being fixed at $17,711.95 in favor of the Little Chief company and against the Little Pittsburg.

Mr. C. S. Thomas, attorney for the Little Pittsburg, will present exceptions to the ruling of the court, and if unsuccessful in securing a new trial will appeal the case to the supreme court

OUTLOOK.

Chicago Mining Review.

Although the statement of the output of the mines of this country, during the past year, may not meet the expectation of many who anticipate a large increase over the figures of last year, it is evident that with former prices the value of the output would have probably exceeded that of 1882. But one of the most important improvements of the past year does not enter into the tabulated statement of values. It is clearly evident to the most casual observer that in the direction of development and improvement no other year in the history of mining shows a more marked change or a better showing of substantial results achieved. The depression of stock interests and the almost entire suspension of investment in speculative securities has tended to turn the attention of miner and investor toward the development of mining properties, so that they might show by production their real value, hence in every mining territory, at the present time there are more mines and claims in a condition to produce bullion than ever before in the history of mining operations. In many instances also, better transportation and market facilities have been secured, and another year of work will show a marked change in the volume and value of the output from these different mines which as yet have made no showing. In addition to this large improvement in the direction of development, a number of new and important mining fields have been discovered and are opened to the prospector and miner, so that the field of future operations has been by no means narrowed, but is widely extending its boundary, which as yet has reached no definite limit. Not only has the field of operation been extended, but the variety of valuable and useful metals has also been increased by the discovery and investigation of the past season

There are at the present time many indications of an improvement in public sentiment regarding mines and mining, and it is more than probable that considerable capital will seek careful investment in deserving and promising localities during the coming season. Much improvement has been made also in machinery and methods of treating ore, so that much of the cost and loss, those destructive factors in mining operations, have been largely curtailed and limited in their influence and result. Taking all things into consideration, a review of the past year is most satisfactory and encouraging, and gives rich promise of the permanent advantage of the future to be realized.

Advices from Algeria report that a collision between bodies of Spahis and Turcos, native Algerian troops, took place at Batna, eighty miles south of Constantine. Three men were killed and many wounded. Order was at last restored by French troops.

Summons.

STATE OF COLORADO, } ss
County of El Paso. }
In the county court of said county, in the state of Colorado
Mary S. Morley, Plaintiff,
Against
Joseph F. Morley, Defendant.

The People of the State of Colorado send Greeting:

To Joseph F. Morley, defendant, above named. You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above-named plaintiff in the county court of the county of El Paso, state of Colorado, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after service on you of this summons, if served within this county; or if served out of this county, but in this district, within twenty days; otherwise within forty days; or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint.

The said action is brought to procure a decree of this court dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that on or about the first day of January, 1883, defendant, without any reasonable cause, deserted and abandoned plaintiff, and still continues so to desert and abandon plaintiff and to live separate and apart from her, without her consent and against her will, as will more fully appear by the complaint on file herein, to which reference is here made.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint as above required, the said plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint

Given under my hand and the seal of the county court of the county of El Paso, state of Colorado, at Colorado Springs, this 8th day of January, A. D. 1884 EDWARD F WRIGHT, Clerk
[SEAL]

FLOWERS!

We have always on hand a fine stock of cut flowers and are prepared to furnish them made up in any design at short notice Funeral and wedding work done in the finest manner Satisfaction guaranteed. We can pack and ship flowers at any season of the year and at any distance, where the time in transit will not exceed three days. Orders by telegraph or telephone promptly filled. Postoffice box 374; telephone No 28.

wa 37-3m WILLIAM CLARK.

Wrapping Paper.

Wrapping Paper,

Wrapping Paper

THE G. V. T.

STATEMENT

OF THE

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK

F. S. WINSTON, President

For the Year Ending December 31st, 1883.

ASSETS $101,148,248 25

ANNUITY ACCOUNT.

	No	ANN. PAY'TS		No	ANN. PAY'TS
Annuities in force Jan. 1, 1883	55	$19,290 91	Annuities in force Jan. 1, 1883	61	$23,164 31
Premium Annuities	7	3,712 44	Premium Annuities		3 674 06
Annuities Issued		4,493 40	Annuities Terminated	1	507 48
	62	$27,346 75		62	$27,346 75

INSURANCE ACCOUNT.

	No	AMOUNT.		No	AMOUNT.
Policies in force Jan. 1, 1883	106,214	$329,554,174	Policies in force Jan. 1, 1883	110,909	$342,948,602
Risks assumed	11,531	37,810,597	Risks terminated	6,766	24,418,769
	117,745	$367,364,771		117,745	$367,364,771

REVENUE ACCOUNT.

Dr		Cr	
To balance from last account	$92,784,986 08	By paid death claims	$ 6,005,793 00
" premium receipts	13,457,029 44	" " matured endowments	2,860,261 71
" interest and rents	5,042,004 45	Total claims—$7,903,0.6 73	
		" " annuities	27,061 38
		" " dividends	1,138,491 69
		" " surrendered policies and additions	2,811,120 71
		Total paid policy holders—$13,0.0,200 51	
		" commissions (payment of current and extinguishment of future)	259,126 90
		" " premium charged off on securities purchased	405,472 22
		" " taxes and assessments	226,067 69
		" " expenses	834,751 [illegible]
		" " balance to new account	94 972,104 86
	$111,283 878 97		$111,283 878 97

BALANCE SHEET.

To reserve at 4 per cent	$ 95 571,877 00	By bonds secured by mortgages on real estate	$ 46,363 473 24
" claims by death not yet due	908,835 00	" United States and other bonds	25 270,040 00
" premiums paid in advance	32 704 03	" loans on collaterals	16,037,910 00
" agents' balances	8,479 56	" real estate	8,633,971 89
" surplus and contingent guarantee fund	4,636,462 34	" cash in banks and trust companies at interest	3,403,249 61
		" interest accrued	1,810 588 23
		" premiums deferred, quarterly and semi-annual	1,039,259 68
		" premiums in transit, principally for December	140,786 48
	$101,148,248 25		$101,148,248 25

NOTE.—If the New York Standard of four and a half per cent interest be used, the surplus is over $12,000,000

From the surplus, as appears in the Balance Sheet, a dividend will be apportioned to each participating policy which shall be in force at its anniversary in 1884

The premium rates changed for insurance in this company were reduced in 1879 about 15 per cent on ordinary life policies

Assets $101,148,248 25.

NEW YORK, January 18, 1884

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Frederick S. Winston, Samuel E. Sproulls, Lucius Robinson, Samuel D. Babcock, Henry A. Smythe, George S. Coe, John E. Develin, Seymour L. Husted, Oliver H. Palmer, Richard A. McCurdy, James C. Holden, Herman C. Von Post, George C. Richardson, Alexander H. Rice, William F. Babcock, F. Ratchford Starr, Frederick H. Cossitt, Lewis May, Oliver Harriman, Thomas Dickson, Henry W. Smith, John H. Sherwood, George H. Andrews, Robert Olyphant, George F. Baker, Benj. D. Sherman, Joe Thompson, Dudley Olcott, Anson Phelps Stokes, Frederic Cromwell, Julien T. Davies, Robert Sewell, Wm. Bayard Cutting, S. Van Rensselaer Cruger, Charles R. Henderson, George Bliss

C. H. MILLS, Agent.

W. F. ALLEN, General Agent, Omaha, Neb.

WANTED.

WANTED—A nurse girl. Apply at northeast corner Monument and Nevada ave b-7-6*

WANTED—A situation to do general housework. Address this office b-7-6*

WANTED Situation by man and wife who have had experience in the business, to run a dairy or to raise cattle on shares Frank Goodwin, El Paso house. b-6-1*

WANTED—A man and wife to take charge of farm and dairy ranch. Address Look Box 44 by Friday morning, stating where party can be seen. b-6-3

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Old papers, for wrapping purposes Special rates on large lots. Apply at this office. tf

FOR SALE.—Complete subscriber's edition of Art Treasures of America and Chef D'œuvre d'Art. Add. Box 321, 16th St., Denver, Colo. b-1-6.

LOST.

LOST—Sea Bean chain. Leave at Antlers' office for reward. b 6 1*

LOST—February 2d, a gold pen engraved "L. E. M. P." Finder please leave at this office. b-7-3*

Trustee's Sale.

Whereas, J. H. Behrens, by his certain deed of trust dated on the seventh day of September, A. D. 1880, and recorded in the office of the county clerk and recorder of El Paso county, state of Colorado, in book 19, on page 340, of the records thereof, on the seventh day of September, A. D. 1880, to secure the payment of his promissory note bearing even date with said deed of trust, and payable to the order of R. R. Taylor with interest thereon from date until paid at the rate of one per cent per month, payable semi-annually, did convey to Andrew Sorendorf, of the county of El Paso and state of Colorado, as trustee, all the hereinafter described premises; by which deed of trust it is provided that in case of default in the payment of said note, or any part thereof, or the interest thereon, it may be lawful for the said Andrew Sorendorf to advertise and sell the said premises as therein provided And whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note and a portion of the interest thereon, according to its tenor and effect, and the same being now due and unpaid; now, therefore, I, Andrew Sorendorf, trustee as aforesaid, at the request of the legal holder and owner of said note, do hereby give public notice that I shall on Tuesday, the fourth day of March, A. D. 1884, at the hour of 3 o'clock p. m., at the front door of the court house in the county of El Paso, in the state of Colorado, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, all the premises in said deed of trust described, to wit The northwest quarter of the southwest quarter, section nineteen, and north half of northwest quarter and southwest quarter of northwest quarter and northwest quarter of southwest quarter of section thirty, all in township sixteen, south of range sixty-four west; also, the south half of northeast quarter, and all of the southwest quarter of section twenty-four, and the east half of section twenty-five, in township sixteen south of range sixty-five west, and containing in the aggregate 360 acres, be the same more or less, all in the county of El Paso, state of Colorado aforesaid, together with all and singular, the tenements, hereditaments, privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging, and all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said J. H. Behrens, his heirs or assigns therein

ANDREW SORENDORF, Trustee.

Colorado Springs, El Paso county, Colo., February 26, A. D. 1883. b-3-td

Publication Notice.

LAND OFFICE AT PUEBLO, Colo., January 7, 1884.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to commute his homestead to a cash entry and make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at Pueblo, on February 18th, 1884, viz.

Winfield S. Dyer, homestead entry No. 2,023, for the s hf, se qr, nw qr, se qr and sw qr of section 24, township 11 south, range 54 west He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Myron W. Jones and William A. Wagoner, of Hugo, Colo.; Anthony T Thorn, of Denver, Colo, and Frank Tompkins of Hugo, Colo. MARK L. BURT, Register.

wa-12-6

WHIPPLE & ROBY

Contractors and Builders,

NEVADA AVENUE.

Trustee's Sale.

Whereas, Charles A Behrens and John Henry Behrens by their certain deed of trust, dated on the twenty-eighth day of October, A. D., 1880, and recorded in the office of the county clerk and recorder of the county of El Paso and state of Colorado, in book 29 on page 313 of the records thereof, on the 28th day of October, A. D., 1880, to secure the payment of their two certain promissory notes bearing even date with said deed of trust and payable to the order of Mrs Mary E Taylor, with interest thereon from date until paid at the rate of one (1) per cent. per month, payable semi-annually, did convey to A. A. McGovney, of the county of El Paso and state of Colorado, as trustee, all the hereinafter described premises; by which deed of trust it is provided that in case of default in the payment of said notes or any part thereof, or the interest thereon, it may be lawful for the said A. A McGovney to advertise and sell the said premises as therein provided. And, whereas default has been made in the payment of said notes and a portion of the interest thereon, according to their tenor and effect, and the same being now due and unpaid. Now, therefore, I, A. A. McGovney, trustee as aforesaid at the request of the legal holder and owner of said notes, do hereby give public notice that I shall, on Tuesday, the fourth day of March, A. D., 1884, at the hour of 3 o'clock p. m., at the front door of the court house, in the county of El Paso in the state of Colorado, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, all the premises in said deed of trust described towit: The south east quarter of the north-west quarter and the east half of the south-west quarter, and the south-east quarter of the south-west quarter of section nineteen in township sixteen south, of range sixty-four west, also the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section thirteen and the northwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section twenty-four, and the south half of the southwest quarter of section twenty-five, and the southeast quarter of section twenty-two, all of section twenty-six, and the northeast quarter and the east half of the southeast quarter of section twenty-seven, and the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter and the northwest quarter of section thirty-five, and the east half of the northeast quarter of section thirty-four in township sixteen south of range sixty-five west, all in El Paso county, state of Colorado aforesaid, together with all and singular, the tenements, hereditaments, privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging, and all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Charles A. Behrens and John Henry Behrens, their heirs or assignes therein.

A. A. McGOVNEY, Trustee.

Colorado Springs, El Paso county, Colo., February 2d, A D., 1884 b-2-td

RAPHAEL: His Madonnas and Holy Families.

By MRS JULIA A SHEDD Illustrated with twenty-two full-page Heliotypes of Raphael's most famous and popular paintings 1 volume, quarto, full gilt edges, elegantly bound, $7.50

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By KATE SANBORN Beautifully bound, $1 00.

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TO THE PUBLIC:

We beg leave to announce to the public that, having completed arrangements with Messrs Chapman & Hall, Kegan Paul, Trench & Co., and Isbister & Co., of London, publishers of the FORTNIGHTLY, NINETEENTH CENTURY, and CONTEMPORARY REVIEWS, we will, on January 1, 1884, commence the reissuing of these popular publications in America. In form they will be directly modeled after the original editions, the size of page being slightly reduced, but containing the English text line for line. The prices will be kept at low figures, notwithstanding the expense of printing in such a form—being 50 per cent. less than the English editions

SUBSCRIPTION RATES IN ADVANCE Any one Review, $4 50, any two Reviews, $8 50, all three Reviews, $12 00; single copies, 40 cents Subscriptions will be received by any news or subscription agent in America at these figures, which include the cost of postage.

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The Gazette

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DAILY GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1884

TIME TABLE.

Denver & Rio Grande Railway.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

No. 1. Leadville mail, for Pueblo, El Moro, West Cliff, Leadville and Kansas City, arrive 11 32 a. m., depart 11 37 a. m.

" 3. Leadville express, for Pueblo, Kansas City, Leadville, Frisco, Red Cliff, Silverton and New Mexico, and all intermediate points, daily, arrive 10.37 p. m. depart 10 42 p. m.

" 7. Pacific express, for Gunnison, Salt Lake, Ogden, San Francisco and all points west, daily, arrive 10.57 p. m., depart 11.00 p. m.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

No 2. Denver express, from Leadville, West Cliff, El Moro, Pueblo and Kansas City, arrive 3.45 p. m., depart 3.50 p. m.

4. Eastern express, from Red Cliff, Frisco, Leadville, Kansas City, Pueblo and all intermediate points, daily, arrive 3.50 a. m., depart 3.55 a. m.

" 8. Atlantic express, from California, Ogden, Salt Lake, Gunnison and all intermediate points, daily, arrive 5 40, p. m., depart 5.44 p. m.

Colorado Springs & Manitou R'y.

Leave Colo. Springs.	Leave Manitou.
9 15 a. m.	8.30 a. m.
12:05 p. m.	11.05 a. m.
5:00 p. m.	3:15 p. m.

Through tickets for sale to all principal cities West, at the depot. Parties can select their own route.

Trains now running through to Leadville. Pullman palace sleepers attached to night trains. Horton reclining chair cars on day trains. Observation cars on daylight trains through the Royal Gorge in the Grand Canyon.

For full information call on or address
J. M. ELLISON, Agent.

Denver & New Orleans Railway.

GOING SOUTH.	GOING NORTH
No. . . . 6.45 p. m.	No. 2... .... 9.30 a. m.

Postoffice Bulletin.

The postoffice is open daily from 7.30 a. m. to 7.30 p. m. Sundays from 12 m. to 1 p. m. and from 6.00 to 6 00 p. m. Mails arrive and depart as follows:

GOING SOUTH	DEPART.	
Via D & R. G	11.12 a. m.	8 00 p. m.
Via D. & N. O..		6.20 p. m.
GOING NORTH		
Via D. & N. O..........	9.15 a. m.	
Via D. & R. G........	3.25 p. m.	5.20 p. m.
MAIL FROM THE NORTH.	ARRIVE.	
Via D. & R. G......	12.00 m.	10.40 p. m.
Via D. & N. O...		7.00 p. m.
MAIL FROM THE SOUTH.		
Via D. & N. O....	9.45 a. m.	
Via D. & R. G......	3.50 a. m.	3 55-6.00 "
	DEPART	ARRIVE
Colorado City & Manitou....	11.25 a. m.	12.00 m.
Manitou	3.30 p. m.	3 55 p. m.

Mail for Sunview and Hatton closes Sunday at 8.00 p. m. Arrives Thursday at 6.00 p. m.

Mail for Suffolk and Sanborn closes Monday at 12 m., and arrives Saturday at 3 p. m.

C. E. Aiken advertises a great clearing out sale in all departments. Now is your opportunity to make selections.

Fred Deuring who recently skipped his board bill in Colorado Springs writes back from Kansas City boasting of it.

Mr. Charles D. Gleim, publisher of the Western Railway Guide at Denver, was in the city yesterday. This publication is being made a valuable one for travellers.

Isn't it about time that Colorado Springs was having another show?—For the winter season it seems that performances at the opera house are few and far between.

Sheriff Daua yesterday disposed of the Conant stock of groceries to Henkel & Co., of Pueblo, for the sum of $2,100. The horse and delivery wagon were sold to private parties for $113.

The society of the First M. E. Church will hold a sociable this evening at the residence of Mr. William Bush, corner of Weber and Cucharas. A cordial invitation is extended to all the friends of the church.

Mr. Frank Ray, the efficient steward at The Antlers, has gone east with the expectation of remaining absent a week or ten days. We learn from a very reliable source that his trip is of a matrimonial nature.

It is estimated that the building over the Iron Springs property to be built by the Iron Springs company will cost about $2,500. Other valuable buildings will be erected on the property including a restaurant and a number of cottages.

The Antlers arrivals: J C Kern, Denver; J D Ginlow, Boston; C B Gleim, T J Anderson, Denver, Theo Gowdy, Chicago; T H Everts, Boulder, Colo; Ben McDonald, Denver; J Stuington, Chicago, Chas Henkel, Pueblo; F C Thornton, Colorado; W W Palmer, Chicago; E H Jones, St. Louis; F E Bean, Chicago

The severest snow storm of the winter prevailed in Colorado Springs last night accompanied by a strong wind from the eastward. At midnight from four to six inches of snow had fallen and it was still storming. While in the northern part of the state they have had a number of severe storms, Colorado Springs has as a rule escaped. At no time have we had ever an inch or more than five or six inches all told.

Both Under Sheriff Jackson and Marshal Beall returned from Salida yesterday, where they went as witnesses in the case of the people vs. Sweeney, charged with grand larceny. Before they got there Sweeney plead guilty to the charge and their services were not needed. To show the financial condition of El Paso county as compared with Chaffee, Messrs. Jackson and Beall had to accept warrants in payment for their services, for which they could only obtain seventy cents on the dollar—not enough to pay their expenses. In El Paso warrants, if issued, draw interest.

The case of Bacon & Carr, charged with violating the ordinance in regard to running express wagons without a license, came up before Justice Pixley yesterday morning, but upon the application of Judge Williams, the defendants' attorney, a change of venue to Justice Fields was taken. In consequence of the fact that Judge Fields had been consulted and given an opinion in the case he thought that he was not qualified to try it, unless the attorneys could agree upon having a jury. Justice Fields took the responsibility of referring the case to Justice Ingraham, of Colorado City, the nearest justice. One week from to-day was set for the trial if satisfactory to Justice Ingraham.

At the meeting of the county commissioners held yesterday, only Commissioners Woodbury and Crissey being present, some unimportant road matters were talked over, as was also the selection of a vault door for the new county building. County Clerk Eaton was instructed to correspond with the different manufacturers in regard to it. The following bills were allowed:

Jenkins & Iles	$27 45
John Pixley	21 75
Telephone Co.	15 00
J. R. Millard	1 50
Howbert Bros.	2 40
E. J. Eaton	46 50
Gas and Coke Co	12 60
Wm Sweetland	30 00
J. A. Himebaugh	5 25
Giles Crissey	40 00
Aaron Bailey	30 00
J. C. Woodbury	84 50

W. C. Hinman, a former resident of this city, and a member of the victorious Jackson Hose team, is not as much of a runner as he professes to be. At Trinidad the other day a colored man came along and beat everybody in town except Hinman. The latter at once challenged the colored man to run him a race 150 yards, and the challenge was accepted. The race was for $250 a side, and while the negro was only able to back himself for what spare change he had outside of the stakes, Hinman had plenty of solid backing. The day of the race came, the ground was carefully measured, and everybody thought Hinman would win and bet accordingly. Start was by mutual consent, Hinman giving the negro fifteen feet start. The race was fleet and soon over, and strangest of all, the colored man beat Hinman about sixteen feet, having gained a foot in the race. Hinman has claimed that he could run a 100 yards in 9½ seconds, although he never knew of his beating 11½.

MARRIED.

CULVER-STORRS Last evening, February 6th, Dr Nathan S. Culver of Colorado Springs and Miss Hattie L. Storrs of Boston, Mass., Rev. Dr. Gregg officiating.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Ten cents per line for first insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion.

HALLETT & BAKER,
Undertakers and Embalmers
No. 2 Pike's Peak Avenue. 1 18 tf

RALSTIN & FAIRLEY, Funeral Directors, 100 E Huerfano st., 3 doors from the City drug store. a-25-tf

Dressed Turkeys 18 cents per pound at W. R. Collins & Co.'s. 1

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. F. E. Robinson, Agent.

IMPORTANT TO TRAVELERS.
Close connections are now made by the D. & R. G. railroad in Union depot at Denver with the "Burlington Route" trains, thus enabling passengers from this city to take the popular line to all points east, making same time as by other roads with the advantage of going via Denver. Parties anticipating a trip east should procure tickets over this favorite route. Fast time and sure connections to Omaha, Kansas City, Chicago and the east. f-19-tf

NOTICE.
I am no longer connected with the shop on Pike's Peak avenue. E. C. BARTLETT a-31-tf

For pure and fresh drugs, at eastern prices, go to Thomas Gowenlock's drug store. a-22-tf

Dressed Turkeys 18 cents per pound at W. R. Collins & Co.'s. 1

CATARRH CURED, health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. F. E. Robinson, Agent.

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DRUGS! DRUGS!
THE HUERFANO STREET
DRUG STORE
Having changed hands, the manager would respectfully call the attention of physicians and the public generally to the fact that he has added a
Complete Line of New Drugs
to his already heavy stock, and having secured the services of a THOROUGHLY COMPETENT AND FIRST-CLASS PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST, from Indianapolis, Ind., he is now prepared to compound accurately all prescriptions, fill all orders and supply the wants of the public generally in the drug line.
C. STOCKBRIDGE, Manager.
b-24-tf

W. H. D. MERRILL A. D. DAVIS.
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STEAM AND GAS FITTERS,
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Collegiate, Preparatory, Normal and Metallurgical
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Second Term Begins Jan. 2d.
TUITION.
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The well-known Upholsterer, is now with
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And is prepared to do all kinds of Upholstering in the latest and most approved style, and satisfaction guaranteed in every particular. a-12-1m

SPECIAL BUSINESS LOCAL.

A Life-Saving Present.
Mr. M. E. Allison, Hutchison, Kan.: Saved his life by a simple trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, for consumption, which caused him to procure a large bottle, that completely cured him, when doctors, change of climate and everything else had failed. Asthma, bronchitis, hoarseness, severe coughs, and all throat and lung diseases, it is guaranteed to cure. Trial bottle free at F. E. Robinson's drug store. Large size, $1.00. dwk-5-1y

An Answer Wanted.
Can any one bring us a case of kidney or liver complaint that Electric Bitters will not speedily cure? We say they can not, as thousands of cases already permanently cured and who are daily recommending Electric Bitters, will prove. Bright's disease, diabetes, weak back, or any urinary complaint quickly cured. They purify the blood, regulate the bowels, and act directly on the diseased parts. Every bottle guaranteed. For sale at 50c a bottle by F. E. Robinson. dwk-5-1y

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.
The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by F. E. Robinson. dwk-5-1v

Notice of Special Meeting.

A special meeting of the legal voters of School District No. 11, El Paso county, Colorado, on the written request of twenty (20) legal voters, will be held at the Stone School House, on Saturday, the 23d day of February, A. D., 1884, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of voting upon the proposition of issuing $8,000 (eight thousand dollars) additional six per cent bonds for the purchase of necessary ground and the erection and furnishing of an additional school house in said district. Polls to close at 8 o'clock, p. m.

J. F. HUMPHREY,
Acting Secretary School Dist., No. 11.
February 1st 1884. b 1-td.

Dissolution of Partnership.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., Jan'y. 31st, 1884

The Partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Ferris & Jones is dissolved this day by its own limitation. Isaac T. Jones, Jr., is alone authorized to act in settling the business.

EDWARD FERRIS,
ISAAC T. JONES, JR.

All persons indebted to the above firm are requested to make prompt payment. The business will be carried on by Isaac T. Jones, Jr., until the present stock is disposed of. b-1-tf.

Notice.

The hotel Antlers having come into possession of the undersigned trustees, named in the second mortgage of the company, will be kept open for guests and conducted substantially as heretofore until further notice.

HANSON A. RISLEY,
CHARLES W. DRAKE
Trustees.

Colorado Springs, Colo., February 4, 1884

Teachers' Examination.

The first quarterly teachers' examination for El Paso county, Colorado, will be held at Court House hall, commencing at 9 o'clock a. m., on Friday, the 29th day of February, 1884

B. A. P. EATON,
County Superintendent.
1lb-8u-wtd

Japanese Fine Goods.
Closing out Sale of
E. Amsden's Japanese Goods.
Unique, Useful, Decorative. For a few weeks only, at 321, 16th St., opposite
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At the Gazette Office.

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JOHN B SEVERY, Treasurer.
A. H. PARTRIDGE, Secretary
Colorado Springs Investment and Improvement Company.
The Colorado Springs Investment and Improvement company has for sale Town Lots to the extent of more than ten miles of street frontage, in the neighborhood of Colorado College, and hundreds of acres of excellent Garden Lands. This company offers Improved Property. Garden Tracts, and Town Lots upon easy terms to those who, for considerations of health or education, wish to make homes in Colorado, and provides good board, rooms and rental at moderate prices to those who need temporary quarters while determining the question of a removal to a health-giving country.
Full information given upon application to
WALTER M. HATCH, or
A. H. PARTRIDGE,
Colorado Springs, Colo. a-1-tf

1884.
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HARPER'S MAGAZINE begins its sixty-eighth volume with the December Number. It is the most popular illustrated periodical in America and England, always fully abreast of the times in its treatment of subjects of current social and industrial interest, and always advancing its standard of literary, artistic and mechanical excellence. Among its attractions for 1884 are: a new novel by William Black, illustrated by Abbey; a new novel by E. P. Roe, illustrated by Gibson and Dielman; descriptive illustrated papers by George H. Boughton, Frank D. Millet, C. H. Farnham and others; important and historical papers; short stories by W. D. Howells, Charles Reade, etc.

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Letter from Gen. Grant.
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Very truly yours, U. S. GRANT.
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It Will Well Repay Dealers to Purchase Goods of Me.
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dwb-5-tf ISAAC T. JONES, Jr.

A KIND WARNING!
To the Trade in Dry Goods:
The very liberal discounts I have been making in prices of goods---selling some at a loss, others at cost and a few only at a small profit---will continue only a short time longer. Every person desiring to take advantage of the low prices at which I am selling goods are kindly warned not to put it off, and invited to come in and see how cheap they can buy all kinds of DRESS GOODS, PLUSHES, SILKS, SATINS, FLANNELS, UNDERWEAR, Etc. Those who have not taken the pains to examine will, if they have any knowledge of the value of goods, be greatly and happily surprised, if they do any buying, to see they can buy so cheap of me.
D. J. MARTIN. a 30-ly

Dissolution of Partnership
BY MUTUAL CONSENT, ON MARCH 1st, '84.
For the next 30 days we will have a
GRAND CLEARING OUT SALE
At Prices to Sell the Goods. All Persons Wishing
WOOL DRESS GOODS, SILKS, VELVETS, VELVETEENS, FLANNELS, CASSIMERES, TABLE LINENS, NAPKINS, TOWELS, CHEVIOTS, CRETONES, FELTS, BLANKETS, CURTAIN DRAPERIES, RUGS AND CARPETS,
Will find it to their interest to make an early selection before the assortment is broken.
GIDDINGS & STILLMAN
P. S.---NO PRICES PUBLISHED, BUT WE WILL MAKE IT AN OBJECT FOR ONE AND ALL TO COME AND SEE US. j-20-tf

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Have now ready for delivery to any part of the city by the Keg, or Half Keg, a
SPLENDID LAGER BEER,
Brewed by one of the best brewers in the country, a man who has had over thirty years experience in his business
Orders by mail addressed to the Colorado City Brewing Co., Colorado City, will receive prompt attention. b-1-1m.

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